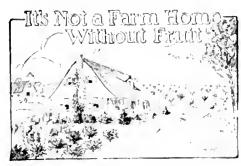
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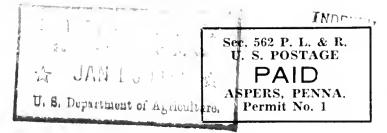


# The Adams County Nursery and Fruit Farms

Growers of Good Trees Sold Direct to the Planter

ASPERS, PENNSYLVANIA

Return postage guaranteed



Division of Fruit & Vegetable
Eureau of llart Industry
U. S. Degerthert of Agriculture
U. S. Degerthert of Agriculture

Latest Prices on Nursery Stock for Spring of 1937



Some sixteen year-old Stayman Winesap trees in full bloom on one of the Adams County Nursery and Fruit Farms.

# The Finest Fruit Trees Grown at Rock-Bottom Prices

My fruit trees are grown on strong fruit soil, in Pennsylvania's best fruit district—Adams County. I supervise the cutting of buds and the best of care is taken to have every variety true to name. My selling price is only a little above the actual cost of growing, giving the purchaser the benefit of lowest prices. My Nursery is inspected every year by State Nursery Inspectors, to see that all nursery stock is clean and healthy. A Certificate of Inspection accompanies all purchases.

This price list contains a list of the best fruits for this latitude, and their descriptions are not exaggerated or misleading.

Come to the Nursery, if you can do so, make your selection, and take them with you in your automobile or your truck. Otherwise, we will ship them to you by Express, Freight or Parcel Post, as you may wish. My Nursery is located one-half mile from Bendersville railroad station, 35 miles from Harrisburg, 12 miles from Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg-Gettysburg State Road via Carlisle, Route No. 34, hard road.

I have ideal shipping facilities—a large packing-house on a siding of the Reading Railroad. The trees are carefully packed and should reach the purchaser in the best of condition.

The greatest of care is taken to have all trees, etc., true to label. Any proving not so will be replaced or purchase price refunded, upon proper proof. In no case shall our maximum responsibility exceed the original amount paid.

All orders are accepted upon condition that they shall be void should any injury befall the stock from hail, storm, or other causes beyond control.

As to my reliability, I refer you to the Bendersville National Bank, Bendersville, Pa., or to any of my thousands of pleased customers.

#### TERMS

Cash with order, or satisfactory reference. A discount of 5 per cent allowed on all orders when cash accompanies same. In case you wish to place an order for future delivery, you may send a deposit of 25% with order and we will hold the trees until the specified shipping date.

### PACKING OF NURSERY STOCK

All packing will be done in boxes or bales, thus protecting the roots and trees well in shipping. No charge is made for packing or delivery to railroad at Bendersville Station.

### SHIPPING OF NURSERY STOCK

The spring shipment of nursery stock begins about March 15 to April 1, depending on the season.

Purchasers are requested to state whether they wish stock shipped by freight or express. We deliver free all orders amounting to \$50.00 or more within a radius of 500 miles.

# PLANTING OF FRUIT TREES

It is a wise thing to choose land that is well-drained because no fruit trees can thrive in a damp, soggy soil. Plums and quinces will stand a greater amount of dampness than other fruits, but they are better if they do not have to contend with unfavorable drainage. The best-drained soil is that whose natural elevation conduces to the rapid elimination of surplus water. A gently sloping hillside, free from hollows or swales where late frosts may not linger, affords the best site. Peaches ought to get the highest locations, because there is less danger from late spring frosts on high ground than on low.

If possible, the land should be prepared as for a good crop of grain, although heavy fertilization is not essential if soil is reasonably fertile.

Have the holes dug in the proper places for the trees, large enough to receive the roots comfortably without bending or twisting them. It is well to stake out the orchard in advance to be sure that the holes get dug in the right places.

When the trees arrive from the nursery, open the package and plant them immediately if it is possible. Be very careful to keep the roots covered to prevent their drying out. In planting, set the trees upright near the center of the holes, spread out the roots evenly, and work fine earth in among them, making sure that they are packed in close contact with the soil. If small air-pockets remain about the roots they will extract moisture from them, so injuring them that the trees may die.

To do this, dig a trench, shovel-If it is impossible to plant the trees immediately, heel them in. wide and deep, and long enough to hold the roots when they are placed side by side. Sift fine earth over them, and when the trench is half full, soak them with water and pile on the remainder of the earth. In this temporary planting the trees will keep in good condition for a week or two.

In setting out young trees, place them a little deeper than they grew in the nursery. The earthmark on the base of the stem is the best guide in this.

Diagram showing planting

| DISTANCES A       | IART FOR TEAMING      |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Apples .          | 30 to 40 ft. each way |
| Pears             | 20 to 30 ft. each way |
| Plums             | 16 to 20 ft. each way |
| Peaches           | 16 to 20 ft. each way |
| Cherries          | 16 to 25 ft. each way |
| Apricots          | 16 to 20 ft. each way |
| Quinces           | 8 to 14 ft, each way  |
| Grapes            | 8 to 12 ft. each way  |
| Currants          | . 4 by 5 ft.          |
| Gooseberries      | 4 by 5 ft.            |
| Raspberries, Blac | k 3 by 6 ft.          |
| Raspberries, Red  | 3 by 5 ft.            |
| Blackberries      | 3 by 5 ft.            |
|                   |                       |

DISTANCES APART FOR PLANTING

| of | perman |   | and fil |   |
|----|--------|---|---------|---|
| O  | X      | О | X       | 0 |
| X  | x      | X | x       | X |
| o  | x      | 0 | x       | o |
| x  | X      | X | x       | X |
| 0  | Y      | 0 | Y       | 0 |

Fillers are used in an apple orchard to increase the yield per acre while the trees are yet young. Peach trees may be used for fillers, or an early-bearing apple variety such as Yellow Transparent, Duchess, or Wagencr. The fillers must be removed as soon as the permanent trees require the room. room.

To the left is shown a diagram of an or-chard using fillers. You will notice that fillers are planted between the permanents in both directions.

X—Represents Fillers.

O—Represents Permanents.

# The Finest Fruit Trees Grown - At Rock Bottom Prices







and slightly branched.

FALLAWATER

(Sometimes called Pound Apple). Large, yellowish

green fruits; productive. Ripens in September; keeps late into winter in common storage.

STAYMAN WINESAP

Large; mostly covered with red; crisp and juicy. Tree a strong grower. Ripens in October and ready for use soon after picking; keeps late into spring.

A medium to large winter Apple with yellow skin shaded red; firm, juicy, subacid. An excellent canning and shipping

BALDWIN

A fine winter Apple. Succeeds well in the Northeastern

ROME BEAUTY

with red; the flavor and quality are very fine. It is also a

RED DELICIOUS

ter Apple. Brilliant dark red skin, shading to yellow at the

YELLOW DELICIOUS

NORTHERN SPY

WINTER BANANA

WINTER RAMBO

A cross between McIntosh and Ben Davis, inheriting the good qualities of both parents. It is a beautiful red, larger

than McIntosh, and matures a month later; hangs well to the tree. It keeps late in winter.

PARADISE WINTER SWEET

BARTLETT

CLAPP'S FAVORITE

Very large; yellow and dull red skin, with russet specks;

Small; skin rich yellowish brown when fully ripe, with deep brownish red cheek; flesh very fine-grained, sweet, juicy, melting, buttery. One of the richest and highest

SHELDON

A large, round, russet and red Pear of very fine quality; melting, rich and delicious. Tree vigorous, erect and hand-

KIEFFER

Large; handsome Pear with remarkable keeping qualities.

BEURRE D'ANJOU

Large; buttery, melting, rich, vinous. The best late fall

Equally popular for dessert and pickling.

eties. A favorite for all uses. Ripens in August.

Large; buttery, juicy, high flavored; great bearer. This has long been considered one of the choicest canning vari-

Extra select, 1 and 2 years old, 5 to 6 ft

flesh melting, rich. Ripens in August.

some; bears well. Ripens in October.

Fine for making butter and canning.

Ripens in September.

and early winter Pear.

Large, creamy white, rosy cheeked. One of the best sweet winter varieties.

in shape. Ripens about same time as Grimes Golden.

A good variety, resembling the Red Delicious somewhat

Large red winter Apple; crisp and juicy. Does well in

Large; pale yellow, with a pink cheek; fine, mild, and

Pale green, striped red; tender and crisp. Fine winter

Large, round, winter sort, mottled and mostly covered

(Sometimes called Starks' Delicious). An excellent win-

som end, and growing somewhat in quince shape; very

Apple and good for export. Ripens in October.

.. . ... .50 4.00 30.00 250.00

. .40 3.50 25.00 200.00

### STANDARD VARIETIES OF APPLE TREES

Prices on Standard Apple Trees, 2 years old. As fine as any

|   | Each   | 10     | 100     | 1,000    |
|---|--------|--------|---------|----------|
| Extra select, 5 to 7 ft., 11/16 in. up    | \$ .60 | \$5.50 | \$38.00 | \$300.00 |
| First class, 4 to 5 ft., 9/16 to 11/16    | 55     | 5.00   | 33.00   | 280.00   |
| First class, 3 to 4 ft., 7/16 to 9/16 in. | 50     | 4.50   | 28.00   | 220.00   |

Assorted kinds: 1 to 10 trees at the each rate; 10 to 50 trees at the 10 rate; 50 to 350 at the 100 rate; 350 to 1,000 or more at

First class, 3 to 4 ft. . .

good late keeper.

First class, 2 to 3 ft. ...

Remember, the Net Cash Price will be about  $2\phi$  per tree less than above prices in orders of \$50.00 or more, if taken away from Nursery by Truck or Car.

These are a fine lot of Apple trees—nice, clean, thrifty, well grown. Budded on whole root seedlings. To those preferring I year trees, we invite you to compare ours with any grown. Varieties are here given and time of ripening.

#### YELLOW TRANSPARENT

Earliest and best; white, tender, juicy, sprightly subacid; grows upright; bears when young, making good filler. Rip-

# EARLY HARVEST

Medium; pale yellow; tender, juicy. Ripens July 1 to 15.

#### DUCHESS OF OLDENBURG

Large; golden yellow, streaked red; subacid. Fine shipper and market Apple. Ripens last of July.

#### CANDY APPLE

A variety found on one of the farms on the Adams County Nursery. It is of exceedingly fine flavor and is considered one of the very finest eating Apples in commerce. Not knowing its true name (if it has one), we call it the "Candy Apple." The fruit is yellow with red streaks, and it ripens about Apple. about August 1.

### WEALTHY

Medium size, round or pointed; almost solid red; flesh white, crisp, juicy; bears young. Ripens August 1 to 15.

### SUMMER RAMBO

Very large; greenish red, striped; tender, juicy; tree strong grower. Ripens August 15 to September 15.

### SMOKEHOUSE

One of the good old kinds welcomed in every home. Ripens in September and can be kept in common storage late into the winter.

### GRIMES GOLDEN

A good-sized yellow Apple of high quality. Ripens in

### JONATHAN

Very red Apple, smooth, of good size and fine quality. Ripens in September; can be kept in common storage late in

### McINTOSH

Bright, deep red; fine quality. Ripcns in September and keeps late into the winter in common storage.

### PLUMS

### ABUNDANCE

One of the greatbearers. Fruits of lemon to red color, sweet and juicy. Ripening in August. SATSUMA

Good size; flesh blood-red, sweet. Ripening August 15 to September 1. BURBANK

Cherry-red. Most profitable among growers for market.

WICKSON A large, sweet, desirable market Plum. Ripens last of August.

### GREEN GAGE

A fine sweet Plum when ripe, the green color then turning yellowish. Ripens September 1.

Large; dark purple; sweet; good. One of the most desirable for canning. Ripens in September.

 $\boldsymbol{A}$  large, sweet, yellow Plum; fine shipper and market sort. Ripens in August.

BRADSHAW Very large dark violet red, flesh yellowish green, juicy and

pleasant, Tree vigorous, erect and productive. Ripens August.

# Direct from Nursery to Planter

# The Adams County Nursery and Fruit Farms

H. G. BAUGHER, PROPRIETOR

ASPERS, Post Office, PENNA. TELEPHONE - Biglerville 42-R-12

Telegraph, Shipping Address and Express Office, Bendersville Station, Pa.

# Prices for Spring 1937



Looking over a block of my nice, young, thrifty trees.

### CHERRIES

| SWEET CHERRY  | Each   | 10     | 100     | 1,000  |
|---|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| Extra-select, 5 to 7 ft   | \$0.75 | \$6.00 | \$50.00 |        |
| SOUR CHERRY (Extra-select) 2 yr., $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 ft., $11/16$ in. up | 50     | 4.50   | 35.00   | 320.00 |
| SOUR CHERRY (First-class)<br>1 yr., 4 to 5 ft., 9/16 to 11/16.            |        | 3.50   | 30.00   | 250.00 |

Sweet. This valuable new red Cherry succeeds everywhere. It is a very thrifty and upright grower, very hardy and productive. Flesh very solid, with flavor of the highest quality. A fine shipper and market variety. It is one of the most delicious sweet Cherries. Ripens in June.

### BLACK TARTARIAN

Sweet. Very large, dark red Cherry, becoming black when over-ripe; juicy. Ripens in June.

### GOVERNOR WOOD

Sweet, large, light red; juicy, rich, delicious. Tree healthy and productive. Ripens in June.

Sweet. A fine variety, and one of the largest dark sweet Cherries. Flesh firm; rich, juicy. Tree a strong grower and enormous bearer. Ripens in July.

### NAPOLEON

Sweet. Large; pale yellow or red; firm, juicy, sweet and productive. Ripens in July.

### SCHMIDT'S BIGARREAU

Sweet. Fruit very large, of deep mahogany color; flesh is tender; very juicy, with a fine, rich flavor. Fruit grows in clusters. An excellent shipper; larger than Black Tartarian, and brings good prices. Ripens in middle to last of June.

### WINDSOR

Sweet. Large, liver-colored fruit with remarkably firm flesh of fine quality. Tree hardy and prolific. A valuable late variety. Ripens about first of July.

### YELLOW SPANISH

Sweet. Large; pale yellow, with red cheek; flesh firm, uicy, and excellent. One of the best light-colored Cherries. Vigorous and productive. Ripens middle of June.

### LARGE MONTMORENCY

Sour. Large; red; productive. One of the best sour Cherries. Ripens in July.

### ENGLISII MORELLO

Sour. Late; very hardy, and produces heavy crops of dark red fruit of good quality and rich acid flavor. Ripens last

| 00  | Each 10<br>2 years old, No. 1 except Caco \$0.20 \$1.50            | 100<br>\$9.00 |
|-----|--|---------------|
|     | Grape-vines should be planted 6 to 8 feet apart, in ro feet apart. | ws 8          |
| .00 | BRIGHTON   |               |

Dark blue berries of fine quality. WORDEN

berry, and a week to ten days earlier than that variety.

the bunches and berries are larger; very sweet.

Bunch medium; berry large, round; vine exceedingly ardy. Ripens three weeks ahead of the Concord, making it

the highest quality. It is one of the earliest Grapes in ripening. 2 yr., No. 1, 35c each; \$3 for 10; \$20 per 100.

## ASPARAGUS

WASHINGTON STRAIN

A new rust-proof variety of large size and excellent quality. A profitable sort.

\$1.25 per 100

APRICOTS

Two fine, rich-flavored Apricots, becoming rather large under favorable conditions. Firm and juicy. Ripening in

## QUINCES

2 years old, 4 to 6 ft. . ORANGE

### CHAMPION

A prolific and constant bearer of oval fruit, averaging larger than Orange and ripening later. A long keeper.

### GRAPE-VINES

|   | Each 10         | 100    |  |  |  |  |
|---|-----------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| 2 years old, No. 1 except Caco          | . \$0.20 \$1.50 | \$9.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Grape-vines should be planted 6 to 8 fe | eet apart, in   | rows 8 |  |  |  |  |
| feet apart.                             |                 |        |  |  |  |  |

Large berries of high quality. One of the most popular

The leading market, vineyard, and home-garden variety.

Resembles Concord but is sweeter, larger in bunch and

The standard white Grape. It ripens with Concord but

### MOORE'S EARLY

desirable for early market.

This new red Grape has a most delicious flavor and is of

Write for special prices on 500 or more, naming quantities of each desired.

Plant in a trench in rich soil, and set 1 to 11/2 feet apart,

LARGE 2-YEAR ROOTS

1 and 2 years old, 4 to 6 ft. ..... \$ .75 Each PEACH AND MOORPARK

Fruit large, bright yellow, of excellent quality. Earlier

### 3 to 4 foot trees...... \$1.25 Each

A fine, lofty-growing tree, with handsome, spreading head. It produces large crops of thin-shelled, delicious nuts which are always in demand at good prices. Every home-garden should have an English Walnut tree making nice shade



### FINE LEADING VARIETIES OF PEACH TREES Good thrifty one year old trees.

Extra Select, 4 to 6 ft., 9/16 in. and up.\$ .45 \$3.00 \$18.00 \$150.00 First class, 3 to 4 ft., 7/16 to 9/16 ... .40 2.50 16.00 140.00 First class, 2 to 3 ft., 5/16 to 7/16 in. . .35 2.00 13.00 110.00

Assorted kinds: 1 to 10 trees at the each rate; 10 to 50 trees at the 10 rate; 50 to 350 at the 100 rate; 350 to 1,000 or more at

Remember, the Net Cash Price will be about 2¢ per trec less than above prices in orders of \$50.00 or more, if tak-

#### The varieties are listed in the order in which they ripen in this section of Southern Pennsylvania; early or late seasons may change the dates of ripening, but they will ordinarily follow each other in the order given.

#### GREENSBORO

An Adams County Nursery and Fruit Farm's sixteen year old Stayman
Winesap orchard in full bloom.

An early, white-fleshed Peach that ranks high because of its showy fruit and its large, vigorous, healthy, early-bearing, and prolific trees. It is considered one of the best early freestone varieties as it ripens July 10 to 15. Fine market

## A seedling cross between Belle of Georgia and Greensboro. Large, white-fleshed, freestone Peach. Ripens July 15 to

RADIANCE

Developed and introduced by the New Jersey Experiment Station. A yellow, early freestone Peach, ripening about three weeks before Elberta, and of good quality. One of the

One of the fine yellow Peaches. Ripens one to two weeks ahead of the Elberta. Fine market variety.

### BELLE OF GEORGIA

Very large Peach wth red cheek; flesh white and firm, of excellent flavor; fine shipper. Ripens August 1 to 15.

A large yellow freestone, ripening about ten days before Elberta. A profitable commercial Peach, originating in

#### RASPBERRIES \$3.00 per 100 CUMBERLAND

A healthy, vigorous grower, sending up stout, stalky, wellbranched canes that produce immense crops of very large, firm black berries. The most profitable market variety of its class. Ripens in midseason

A genuine, practical, profitable, everbearing red Raspberry. Fruit begins to ripen with the earliest and continues on young canes to October.

# ${\bf A}$ new, very hardy, heavy bearing variety. Considered most profitable of the red varietics.

**BLACKBERRIES** 

### ELDORADO

# Recommended as the best commercial berry. Jet-black, sweet and pleasant to the taste. Endures the winter well.

### **GOOSEBERRIES**

..... . .\$ .30 \$2.50 \$20.00 Plant Gooseberry bushes 3 to 4 feet apart. DOWNING

### Large, handsome, pale green fruit of splendid quality for both cooking and table use. The bush is a vigorous grower and usually free from mildew.

JOSSELYN Large, smooth fruit. A hardy and very prolific variety with bright, clean, healthy foliage.

### NUTS

### ENGLISH WALNUT

Hale Haven; a new variety originating Michigan Experimental Station. Cross of J. H. Hale and South Haven. Ripens about two weeks before Elberta. Hardy and heavy bearer. Fruit yellow with high coloring of red that shows several days before ripening making it very desirable for

# Yellow; very large in size and globular in shape; skin thick, smooth and without fuzz; flesh deep yellow, fine-grained, firm, of extra quality; good shipper. It ripens a little ahead of the Elberta, and brings highest prices. ELBERTA

One of the greatest commercial yellow Peaches known. Good shipper. Tree hardy and good grower. Ripens August 20 to September 1. SHIPPER'S LATE RED

# A large highly colored Peach. Very hardy, yellow fleshed and freestone of good quality. Ripens just after Hale and

A finc yellow, freestone Peach. Similar to Elberta, but of better flavor. A good commercial variety. A good shipper. Ripens about a week later than Elberta.

ROBERTA A variety that is becoming popular. Very much resembles Elberta, but season one week to ten days later.

A fine late white Peach, and an excellent market sort. Tree hardy; strong grower. Ripens September 20 to Oc-LATE ELBERTA (Sometimes called the Rex). One of the best of the late varieties, ripening about three weeks after Elberta. It is of large size, with yellow flesh. Very desirable market Peach.

IRON MOUNTAIN

# CURRANTS

Each 10 100 ...\$0.30 \$2.S0 \$20.00 Plant Currant bushes 4 to 5 feet apart.

## PERFECTION

A beautiful, bright red variety; very productive. One of the best home and market sorts. FAY

This red Currant has long been a leading variety for gar-

### BARBERRY RED-LEAVED BARBERRY

...\$0.35 \$3.00 \$25.00 \$200.00 A brilliant red-leaved Japanese Barberry for mixing in he shrubbery border and for hedges. Foliage becomes more brilliant and gorgeous throughout the summer. Followed by brilliant scarlet berries which remain on the plant the entire

### GREEN-LEAVED BARBERRY (Thumberg's)

Each 10 100 1,000 . 0.15 1.25 10.00 80.00 Brilliant green foliage, changes to bright colors in fall. Scarlet berries conspicuous throughout the winter. Makes excellent hedge.

### CALIFORNIA PRIVET

Each 10 100 1,000 Used extensively for hedges. For best results plant two or three rows, 6 to 8 inches apart.

### NORWAY MAPLE

8 to 10 ft. nicely branched.. . . . . . . . 2.00 17.50 160.00 10 to 12 ft. nicely branched ..... 2.25 ... The Norway Maple makes the finest of shade trees for

Each 10 100 1,000

# Free Delivery within 500 miles on all orders of \$50.00 or more

than champion.



A view of my residence at Aspers, Pa.

#### Dear Friends and Fruit Growers:

To my many friends, customers, and persons planning to plant an orchard during the spring of 1937, I advise that you place your order early. Prices realized for fruit have caused an early inquiry and demand for trees. Nurseries as a whole throughout the United States report a shortage in stock. The result of this will mean that a number of growers may be disappointed if they delay in ordering until late.

Apple trees are very scarce due to the heavy demand last spring and also due to the fact that many Nurserymen were not able to get seedlings. I have a nice lot of one year trees that will please the most particular buyer, although I will not be able to supply some varieties in two year trees.

Come to the Nursery and see the trees for yourself. You will readily realize that we have very fine and thrifty stock. Visitors are always welcome. Come and I will be glad to show you around. Our many years of experience in growing Nursery stock and extensive fruit growing has taught me a lot of things that may be of benefit to you, which you can have for the asking.

Place your order early. If you cannot have it ready before the Farm Show at Harrisburg, try and have it ready by then. I will be at my usual place, booth No. 384, Main Isle. Look me up, I will be pleased to help you with your planting problems.

H. G. BAUGHER

All nursery stock has been officially inspected and a certificate of inspection is attached to each shipment.

FREE DELIVERY WITHIN 500 MILES ON ORDERS OF \$50.00 OR MORE

# 5% Discount for Cash with order

# ORDER BLANK

Adams County Nursery & Fruit Farms ASPERS, Adams County, PENNA.

Date

| QUANTITY     |         | 7                                      | VARIETIES      | SIZE                   | PRICE |
|--------------|---------|--|----------------|------------------------|-------|
| Express or   | Freight | Office                                 | An             | nount of Cash Enclosed |       |
| Post Office. |         | ······································ | County         | State                  | ····· |
| Name         |         |  | R. F. D. or St | ×                      |       |
|              |         |  |                |                        |       |

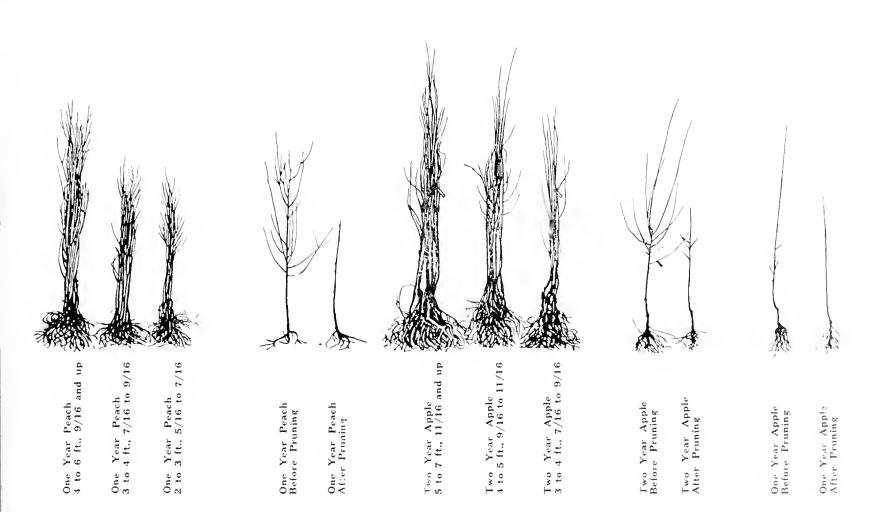
# CARE OF FRUIT TREES

Newly planted trees should be well cultivated the first season, to conserve moisture and to keep down weeds and grass. It is not always good economy to intercrop with grass, small fruits, or grain, unless the young trees are making extraordinary strong growth. When the trees are well established, the spaces between the rows may be used for other crops for a few years, until the trees need the space; but while making their initial growth the trees ought not have to compete with other crops for the plant-food in the ground.

One of the most important items in the care of Fruit Trees is to see that they are trained right from the start. Our two-year-old and larger sizes have the heads already formed, with three to five scaffold limbs well arranged along the trunk to support the head. These trees should be cut back, leaving just the scaffold limbs shortened to the point where it is desired to have the head of the tree.

One-year trees, or whips, should be trimmed to smooth, straight stems, cutting them squarely off at the distance from the ground,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 ft., at which it is desired to have them branch. Usually, apples, plums, pears, and cherries are headed a little higher than peaches, which ought to be encouraged to branch as low as possible.

The after-pruning is a matter which requires some knowledge of tree-growth and habit, as well as the purpose for which the trees are grown. In general, it is best to thin out the previous season's growth, especially in the first few years of the tree's life. Afterward, pruning may consist of cutting out dead wood, and keeping the center of the tree open to the air and sun.





A view of our packing house. Vursery stock ready for shipment.